PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION 230 SIXTH AVENUE, AUSTRAL Traffic Impact Assessment

November 2016 (Rev C)

Reference 16140

TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES
Transportation, Traffic and Design Consultants
Suite 502, Level 5
282 Victoria Avenue
CHATSWOOD 2067
Telephone (02) 9411 5660
Facsimile (02) 9904 6622

Email: ross@ttpa.com.au

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION 1			
2.	PRO	POSED DEVELOPMENT SCHEME	2	
	2.1 2.2 2.3	Site, Context and Existing Use	2	
3.	EXIS	TING ROAD NETWORK AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS	4	
4 .	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Road Network Traffic Controls Traffic Conditions Transport Services JRE ROAD NETWORK, TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT	4 5	
4.	CIRC	UMSTANCES	7	
	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Road Network Traffic Controls Traffic Conditions Transport Services	7 8	
5.	PRO	POSED SUBDIVISION ROAD SYSTEM1	1	
6.	TRAI	FIC1	2	
7.	PARI	KING, ACCESS AND SERVICING1	3	
8.	CON	CLUSION1	4	
А РРЕ А РРЕ А РРЕ А РРЕ	NDIX NDIX NDIX	C EXTRACTS FROM DCP D EXTRACT FROM TTPA STUDY		

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

FIGURE 1	LOCATION
FIGURE 2	SITE
FIGURE 3	ROAD NETWORK
FIGURF 4	TRAFFIC CONTROLS

1. Introduction

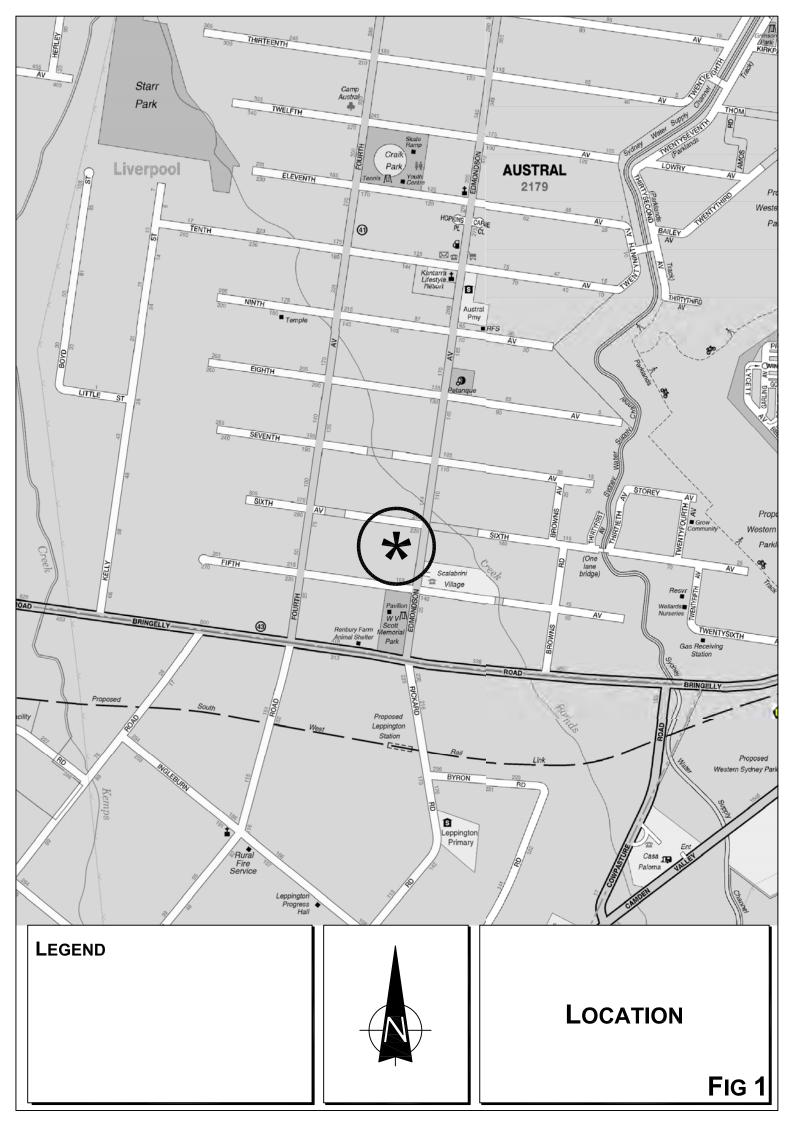
This report has been prepared to accompany a Development Application to Liverpool City Council for a proposed residential subdivision on a consolidation of 230 Sixth Avenue, Austral (Figure 1).

The Austral and Leppington North area is a large new urban precinct which will benefit from good transport services (focused on the new Leppington Railway Station) as well as large open space areas, retail and educational facilities. The precinct will also have ready access to the arterial road system and the major regional facilities available nearby in Liverpool CBD.

The development site is located in the southern part of the precinct, just to the north of Bringelly Road and the Railway Station, with frontage to the southern side of Sixth Avenue. The subdivision application proposes a total of 125 lots (133 dwellings) with an access road system connecting to Fifth Avenue and other future roads.

The purpose of this report is to:

- * describe the site, the planning undertaken for the area and the proposed subdivision
- * describe the existing road network and the prevailing traffic conditions
- * describe the future road network and traffic management circumstances
- * assess the potential traffic implications of development on the proposed lots
- * assess the suitability of the proposed subdivision access road and traffic control arrangements
- * assess the appropriateness of provisions for lot access and servicing



2. Proposed Development Scheme

2.1 SITE, CONTEXT AND EXISTING USE

The site (Figure 2) is a consolidation of 3 Lots which occupies a total area of 48,572m² with frontage to Sixth Avenue, Edmondson Avenue and Fifth Avenue. The site, which is located in the southern part of the Austral Precinct just to the north of Bringelly Road, currently comprises a rural residential dwellings with some out buildings and a dam.

Austral and Leppington North is a developing new precinct situated to the east of the expansive Western Sydney Parklands with Kemps Creek running just to the west. Rural residential properties adjoin the site and the large Scalabrini Retirement Village is located on the eastern side of Edmondson Avenue while the Scott Memorial Park extends to the south of Fifth Avenue.

2.2 PRECINCT PLANNING

Austral and Leppington North has been master planned to:

- create a primarily residential neighbourhood providing for some 17,500 homes
- reduce environmental impact and facilitate greater social interaction
- provide a mix of housing types and active streets
- provide open space amenity with 135.4ha of parkland
- focus on Leppington major centre, Austral local centre and 3 neighbourhood centres
- provide 2 high schools and 5 primary schools
- ensure to full advantage is made of the proposed rail and bus services as well as cyclist and pedestrian networks





SITE

FIG 2

TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES

The Indicative Layout Plan for Austral and Leppington North is reproduced from the

DCP overleaf which illustrates the broad development outcome along with, the

development footprint, land uses, density, open space, transport linkages and location

of community facilities and schools. Whilst there is flexibility permitted in much of the

future access road system there are a number of "fixed" roads.

2.3 Proposed Subdivision Scheme

The proposed subdivision will adopt a conventional 'grid' format with 16.0m wide "local

streets" (9m wide carriageway) and 7m wide laneways. The existing frontage streets

extending along the southern, eastern and western sides will only have "half road

construction" with the other half being provided with the development of adjoining

subdivision.

The proposed subdivision will comprise a total of 125 lots which will provide for a wide

range of dwelling types as follows:

12 x 2 Bed Manor Houses

26 x 2-4 Bed Terraces

59 x 4-5 Bed Detached Double

36 x 3-4 Bed Semi Detached

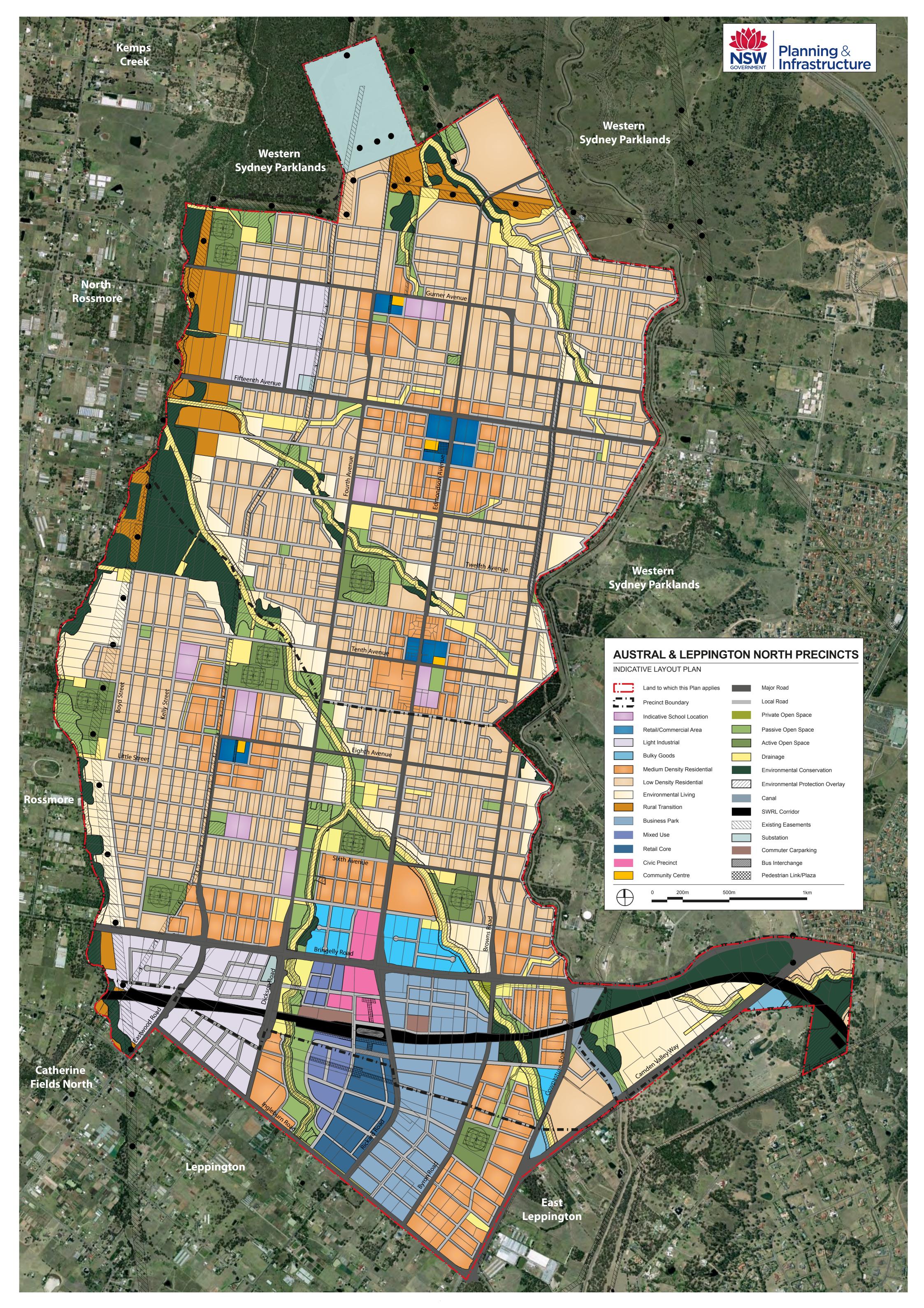
Total: 133 dwellings

Details of the proposed scheme are provided on the plans prepared by Mott

MacDonald Australia and MPS Architects which accompany the Development

Application and are reproduced in part in Appendix A.

Page 3



3. EXISTING ROAD NETWORK AND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

3.1 ROAD NETWORK

The existing road network serving the site (Figure 3) comprises:

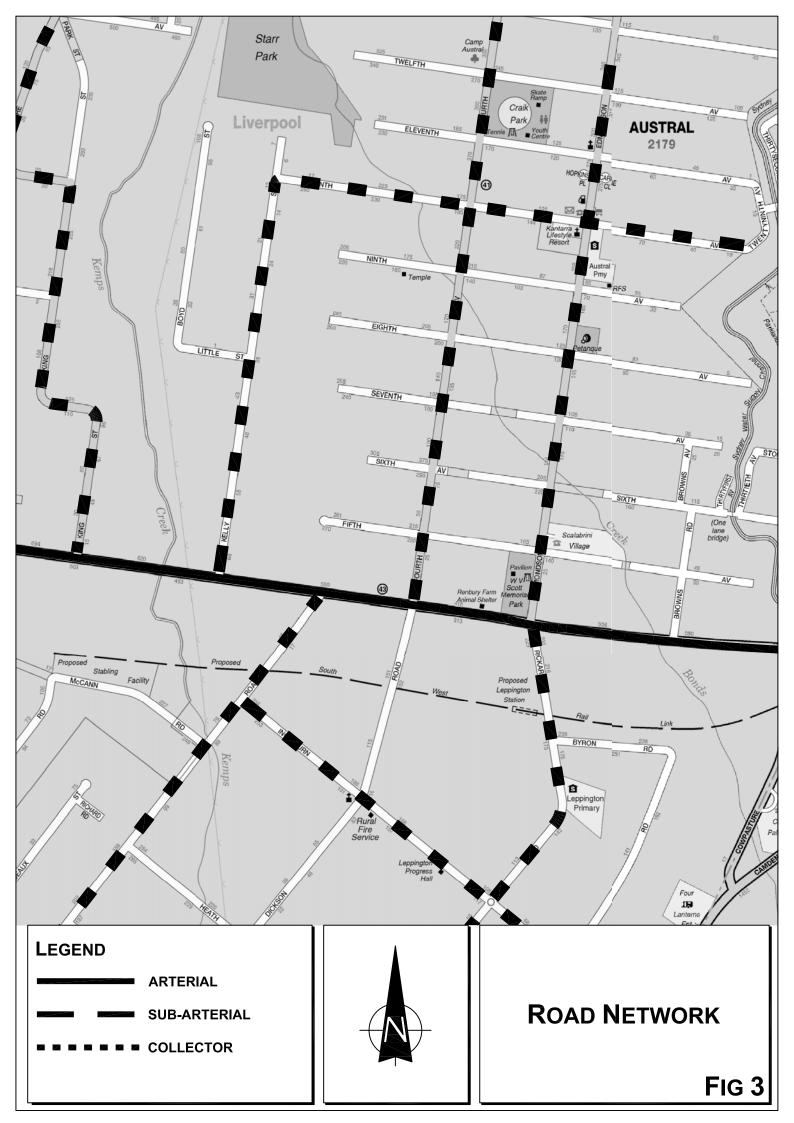
- ★ Camden Valley Way a State Road and arterial route which connects between the Hume Highway at Casula and Camden
- * Cowpasture Road a State Road and arterial route which connects between the Horsley Drive at Bossley Park and Camden Valley Way at Horningsea Park
- * Bringelly Road a State Road and subarterial route which connects between Cowpasture Road/Camden Valley Way at Horningsea Park and The Northern Road at Bringelly
- ★ Cowpasture Road (South) a State Road and Collector route which connects between Camden Valley Way and Bringelly Road
- * Fourth Avenue and Edmondson Avenue Collector Roads connecting to Bringelly Road
- Sixth Avenue a local access road

Six Avenue, Edmondson Avenue and Fifth Avenue currently have two lane 2 way sealed roadways with gravel shoulders and no kerb/gutter while Edmondson Avenue to the south of Fifth Avenue is subject to upgrading roadworks.

3.2 TRAFFIC CONTROLS

The limited existing traffic controls on the road network (Figure 4) comprise:

* the 50 kmph speed restriction on the local and collector road system





- ★ the traffic signals at the Bringelly Road, Cowpasture Road and Camden Valley Way intersection
- * the various GIVEWAY and STOP sign controls at intersections in the area

3.3 TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

The existing traffic volumes on Bringelly Road to the west of Camden Valley Way are as follows:

AADT	AM Peak	PM Peak
9,090	700	800

The operational performance of intersections in the vicinity of the site during the morning and afternoon peak periods is quite satisfactory at the present time without any undue queuing or congestion.

The existing traffic flows along Edmondson Avenue are as follows:

	AM	PM
Northbound	140	110
Southbound	100	130

3.4 TRANSPORT SERVICES

There is currently only limited bus service provision along Bringelly Road at present however the new South-West Rail Link with a station at Leppington is now operating providing connections to Glenfield and Liverpool, which are serviced by the South, Airport/East Hills and Cumberland Lines.

There are two Interline Bus Services routes currently operating along sections of Bringelly Road. Route 856 operates from Liverpool to Bringelly, via Bringelly Road, Ingleburn Road and Camden Valley Way with hourly during peak periods and infrequently during non-peak times. This bus service is timed to arrive at Liverpool Station to connect with onward rail services to the City.

TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES

Route 855 operates between Austral to Liverpool, via Fifteenth Avenue, Cowpasture Road and the Hume Highway with weekday services operating hourly between 06:00-10:00, however, only three services are provided in the afternoon.

4. FUTURE ROAD NETWORK, TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT CIRCUMSTANCES

4.1 ROAD NETWORK

RMS have commenced the upgrading of Bringelly Road over the 10km length between Camden Valley Way and The Northern Road and this work will complement the completed and current (planning and construction) for Camden Valley Way and The Northern Road plan deleted.

The upgrade works on Bringelly Road will be staged with construction potentially being undertaken between 2016 and 2036. The staging proposals indicate that Bringelly Road will be 2 lanes each way between 2016 and 2031 with supplementary turning lanes at intersections and 3 lanes each way after 2031.

The proposed road hierarchy for the precinct is indicated on the plan reproduced from the DCP overleaf showing a Transit Boulevard along Edmondson Avenue and sub-arterial/collector status on Fourth Avenue while Fifth Avenue will remain a local access road.

4.2 TRAFFIC CONTROLS

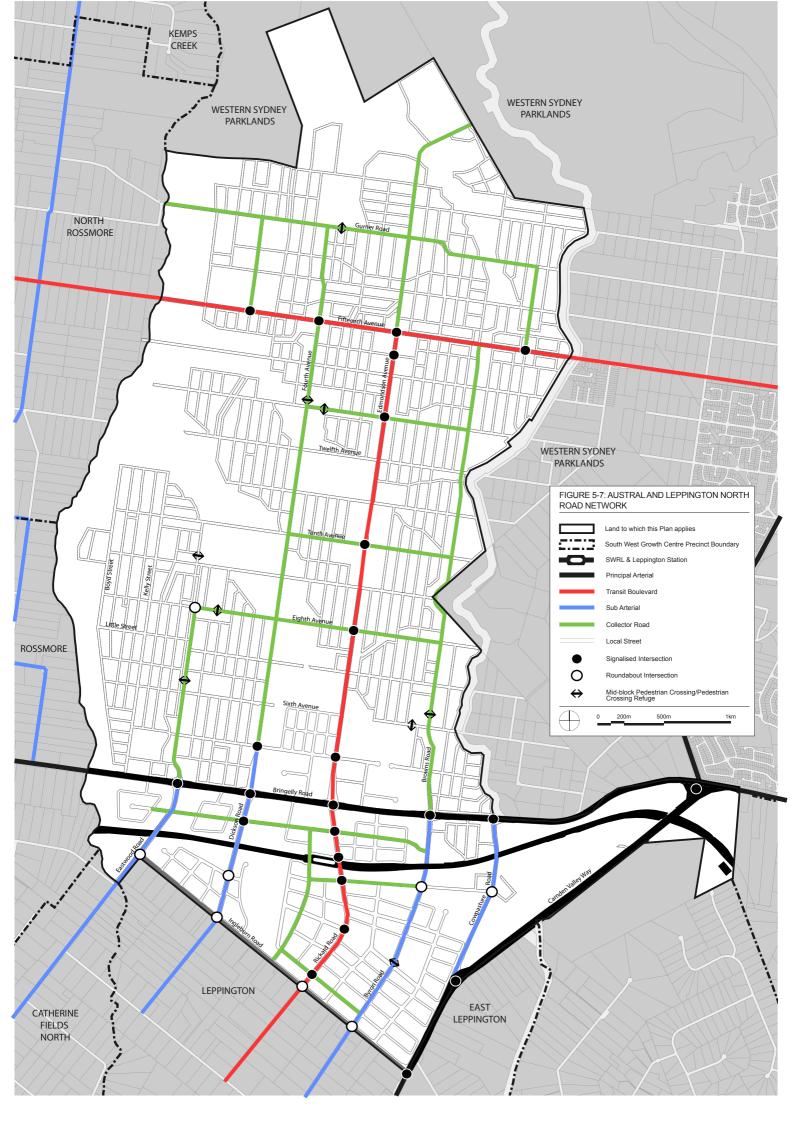
The Bringelly Road upgrade project includes the provision of traffic signals at a number of access intersections. The plans also indicate the provision of Bus Priority measures with bus stops located at regular points. There is also provision for pedestrians and cyclists with a shared pathway along the northern side of Bringelly Road and controlled crossings at the intersection signals. The proposed principal intersection controls in the area are shown in the plan overleaf which include the Fourth Avenue/Fifth Avenue and Bringelly Road/Fourth Avenue/Dickson Road intersections.

Table 1: Intersection upgrade staging

Intersection	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
The Northern Road	Existing layout	Extend turning bay lengths	Upgrade intersection - two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Kelvin Park Drive	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Jersey Road	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection * - signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Masterfield Street	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection - two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches (priority intersection)	-	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	Ultimate layout
North Avenue	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection *- signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
King Street	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Eastwood Road	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection *- signalisation and three lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Fourth Avenue	Existing layout	-	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and three lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Edmondson Avenue	Existing layout	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and three lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	Ban northbound and southbound right turn movements	Ban eastbound right turn movement	Ultimate layout
Browns Road	Existing layout	-	Upgrade to T intersection - signalisation and three lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Ultimate layout
Cowpasture Road	Existing layout	Upgrade intersection - signalisation and two lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	-	-	Upgrade intersection - three lanes on Bringelly Road approaches	Ultimate layout

Source: AECOM, 2011

^{*-} including an interim U-turn facilities to assist with local access with the upgrade of Bringelly Road to a divided carriageway



4.3 Traffic Conditions

The projected traffic volumes at the intersections along Bringelly Road are identified in the AECOM Study for 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031 weekday morning and afternoon peak periods.

The operational performance of access intersections as undertaken by AECOM having regard for the staging of the upgrade works and increasing traffic demands reveals that satisfactory operational performances will be achieved.

4.4 TRANSPORT SERVICES

Precinct planning for release areas along Bringelly Road are aimed to ensure the provision of appropriate direct links for buses, pedestrians and cyclists enabling non-car trips both directly to adjacent suburbs and to connect with regional public transport services. The design for Bringelly Road addresses the need for supporting infrastructure including a shared pathway and bus priority measures that will enable the establishment of good bus service connections to employment and/or rail interchange nodes including Leppington, Liverpool, Campbelltown and Camden and connection to the open space network.

RAIL SERVICES

The new South West Rail Link (SWRL) from Glenfield to Leppington has stations at Edmondson Park and Leppington with bus interchanges, pedestrian and cyclist facilities as well as "kiss and ride" zones and commuter car parking.

The SWRL offers a heavy rail transport option for the future residents of SWGC by providing frequent train services to Glenfield and the rest of the CityRail network.

The current service provides four services per hour throughout the day with up to 12 trains per hour in peak periods. The frequency of service is likely to be increased over time as demand increases and service provision is influenced by patronage demand as well operating requirements of the network.

TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES

It is expected that Bringelly Road and Rickard Road will be the main access arterial road to Leppington Station and its interchange where a total of 800 commuter car parking spaces and bus stops are provided.

Bus Services

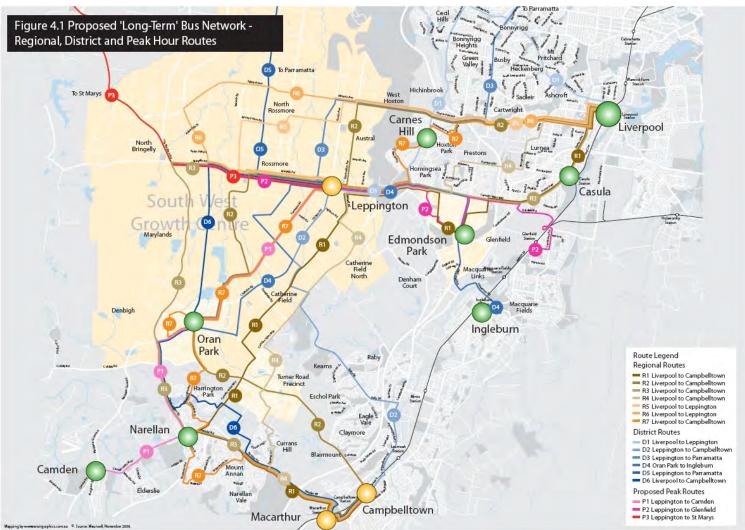
The South West Sector Bus Servicing Plan provides a long-term bus servicing strategy to cater for the future urban growth in the SWGC.

The aim of the strategy is to ensure that new residents and workers in the area have a travel choice that includes public transport and that the staging of precinct releases is consistent from a public transport efficiency perspective. The strategy focuses on the SWGC but also gives consideration to suburbs and centres which are located adjacent and beyond in order to ensure integration of the bus networks within the wider South Western Sydney area.

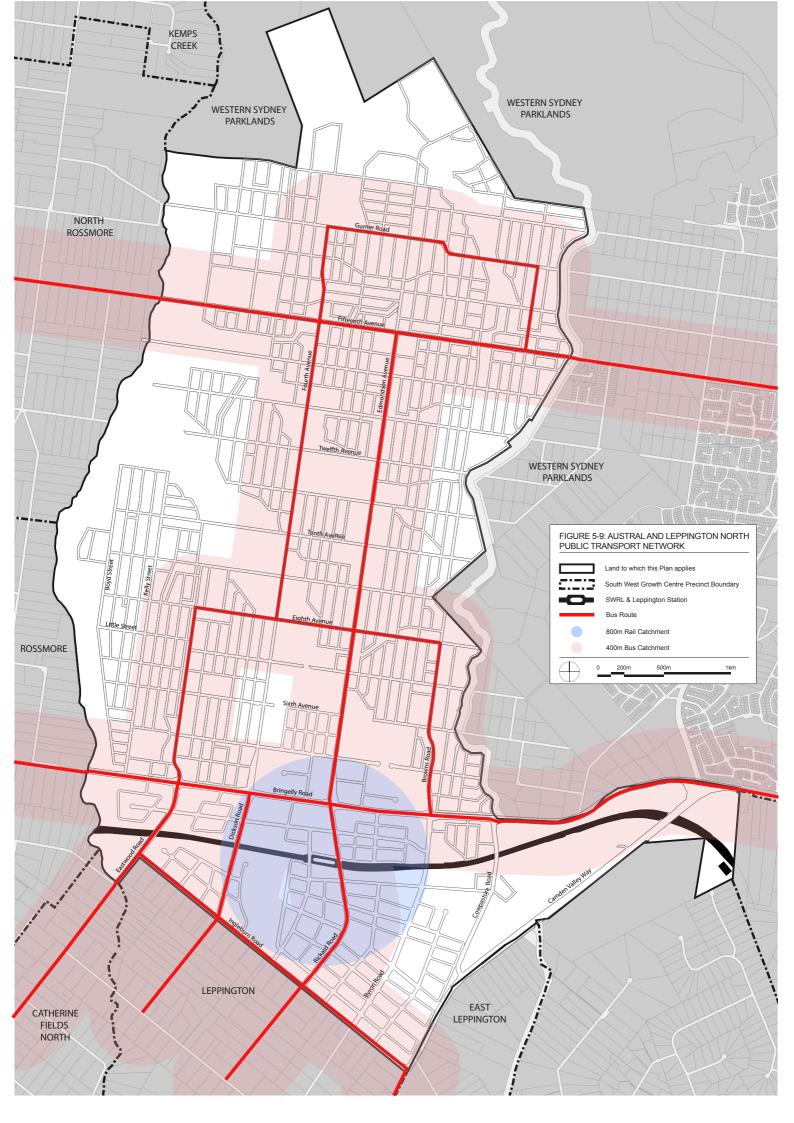
The 'long-term' bus network proposal consists of seven regional, six district and three peak hour only bus routes to provide a network that links the proposed major centres (Liverpool, Campbelltown, Parramatta, Oran Park and Leppington) and supports accessibility to each of the SWGC precincts. The 'long-term' bus network plan is shown on the diagrams reproduced overleaf.

The South West Sector Bus Servicing Plan provides a guide to the potential bus networks that would be operating along Bringelly Road. Bringelly Road is seen as the most significant east-west bus corridor as the majority of proposed bus routes will be travelling on sections of Bringelly Road connecting Campbelltown, Oran Park, Leppington and Liverpool. Given its significance as a bus corridor, bus priority measures are planned for the corridor to cater for the increasing number of buses and shorter travel times for buses, with a particular focus into Leppington Town Centre and Station.

Figure 20 Long-term' South west sector bus servicing plan



Source: AECOM, 2009

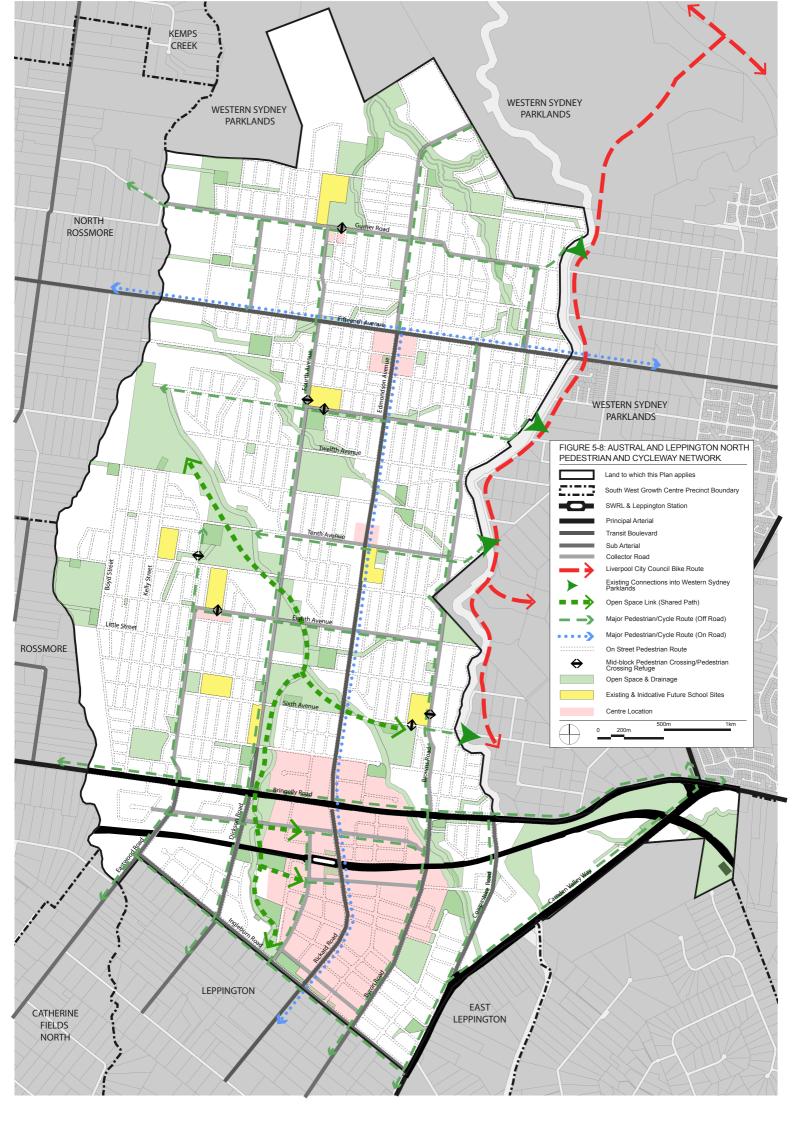


TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES

The likely peak hour headway will be 30 minutes for District Bus Routes and 15 minutes for Regional and Peak Bus Routes. There will be 26 planned bus routes serving Leppington Station in the long-term, with a peak hour bus flow of approximately 80 to 90 buses to Leppington Station via Bringelly Road.

BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN NETWORK

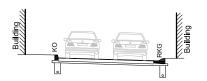
Details of the planned bicycle and pedestrian network are provided on the diagram overleaf. There will be shared pathways along Bringelly Road and Fourth Avenue as well as the collector roads together with major open space linkages. On-street bicycle lanes will be provided along Edmondson Avenue as part of the regional network and all local and collector roads will have paved footways while the traffic signals at the Fourth Avenue intersections will facilitate pedestrian crossing to/from the bus routes.



5. PROPOSED SUBDIVISION ROAD SYSTEM

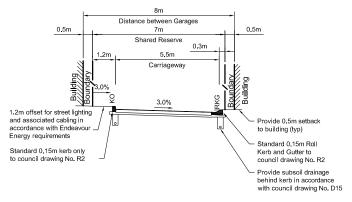
The proposed new access road system will reflect that shown in the Indicative Layout Plan apart from the addition of 2 laneways which enable vehicle access and refuse removal to be undertaken from the rear of lots rather than at frontages.

The only traffic control which will be required will be GIVE WAY signs at the intersections as shown overleaf. It is apparent that the proposed subdivision road system will be compliant with the DCP requirements.



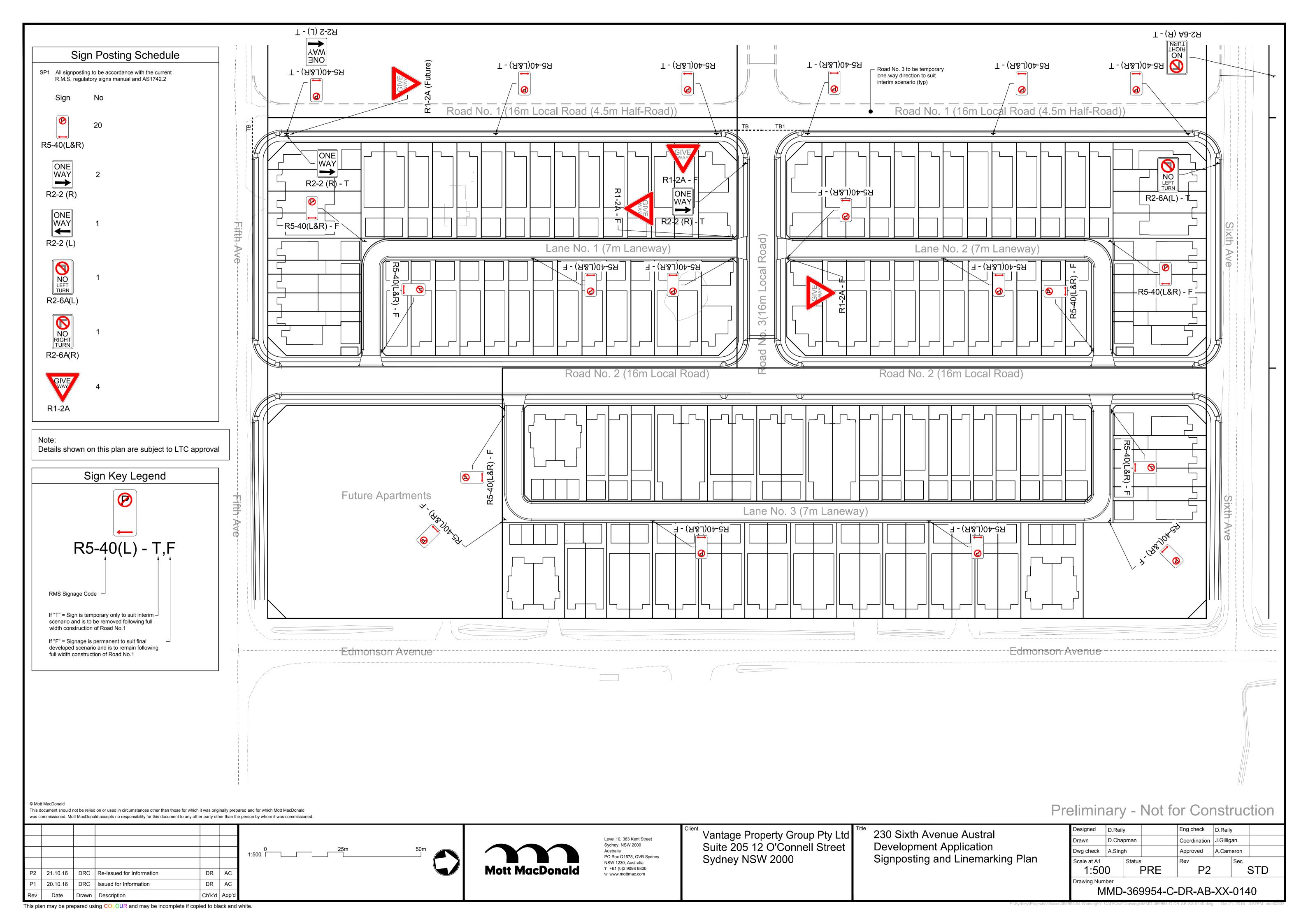
Laneway

1:100



8m Laneway

1:100



6. TRAFFIC

The RMS Development Guidelines specify a peak traffic generation rate of 0.85 vtph per dwelling for new residential suburbs noting that up to 25% of trips may not be on the external road network (i.e. to/from local schools and shops etc). However there is no survey assessment basis to this criteria and the more recent RMS Circular adds confusion to the situation as the surveyed precincts include school, retail, hospital and medical centre facilities and present a variation in excess of 100%.

TTPA undertook a very extensive survey of the traffic generation of Glenmore Park Stage 1 (Appendix C) which comprised some 5,447 dwellings and established an "external" generation rate of 0.65vtph per dwelling in the peak periods. It is understood that this is very similar to the generation rate used by the Growth Centres in its modeling for new release areas.

None the less, if the RMS criteria is applied to the 133 dwellings which the proposed subdivision will provide for the resultant peak period generation is some 113vtph as follows:

	AM	ı	PM
IN	OUT	IN	OUT
28	85	85	28

The proposed subdivision lot yield is compliant with the DCP provisions and therefore the traffic generation outcome will be entirely in accordance with the assessment of the traffic outcome for development of Austral and Leppington (in fact the outcome will be better due to the likely lower traffic generation outcome).

7. PARKING, ACCESS AND SERVICING

PARKING AND ACCESS

The DCP requires that:

- Driveways are to be located to avoid unnecessary removal of existing vegetation as far as possible
- Driveway crossings are to be minimised
- The need for on-street parking is to be minimised
- One parking space provided for 1 and 2 bedroom dwellings and 2 parking spaces provided for 3+ dwellings
- Parking spaces are to be convenient, safe and have sufficient space for vehicle manoeuvrability

It is apparent that the proposed lots and their relationship to the access road system will be able to be developed for dwellings with compliant provisions for access and parking.

SERVICING

Refuse will be removed from the street by Council's collection service. Service personnel and small service vehicles may be able to park in the frontage driveways. However, the nature of the proposed local road carriageways will suitably provide for the on-street standing of service and delivery vehicles.

The geometry of the proposed local road network will accord with Council's design criteria and will accommodate the turning and manoeuvring requirements of Council's refuse vehicles and other service/delivery vehicles as indicated on the turning path diagram in Appendix E.

8. CONCLUSION

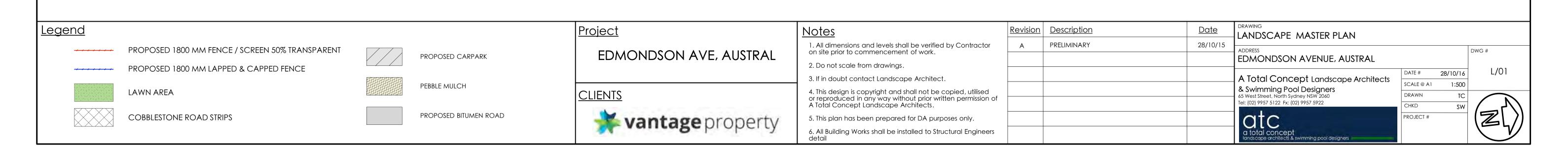
The proposed subdivision in Sixth Avenue at Austral will provide for the development of some133 dwellings. Assessment of the proposal has concluded that:

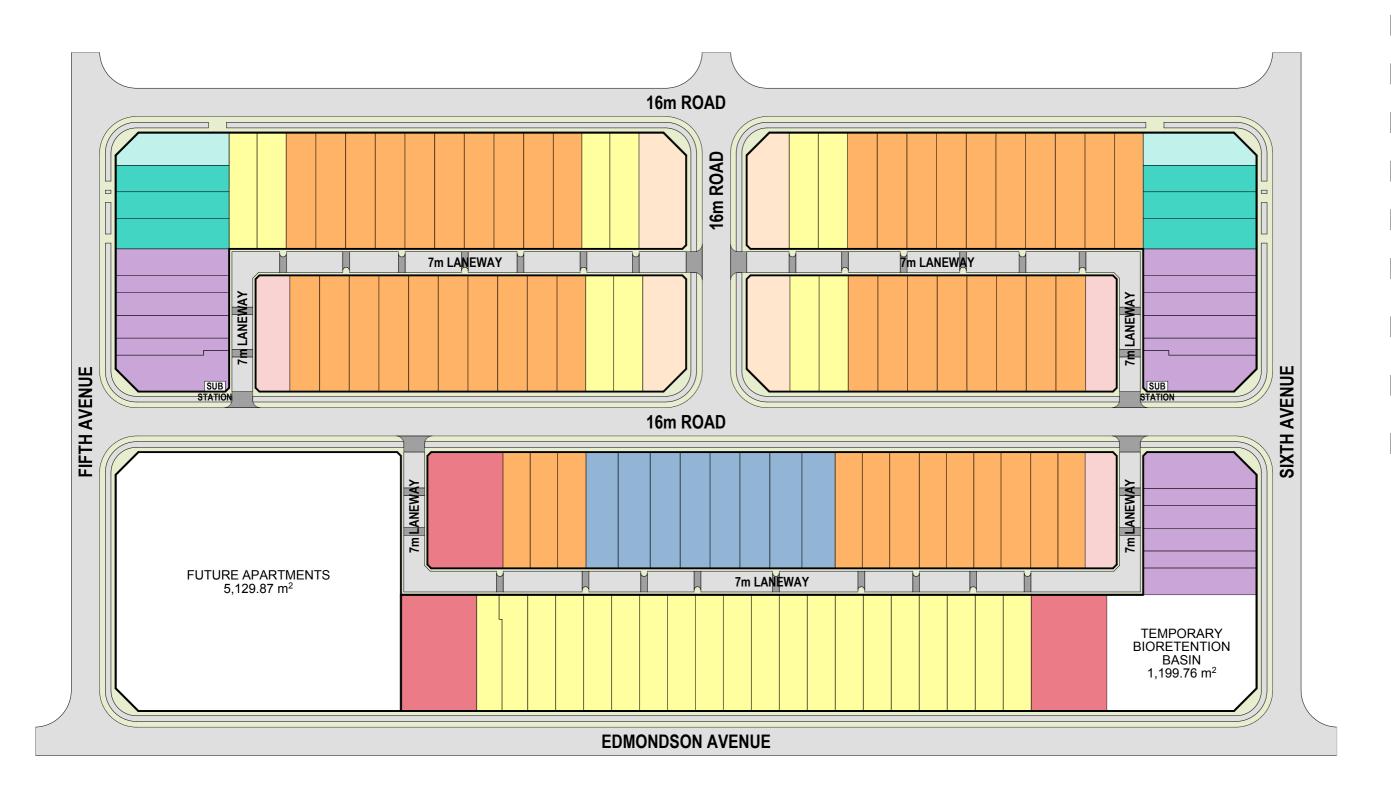
- * the proposed road system will be appropriate and compliant with the DCP specifications
- * the provisions for vehicle access and servicing will be satisfactory
- * there will be no adverse traffic implications

APPENDIX A

SUBDIVISION PLANS







DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY



MANOR HOUSE 2 BEDROOM 1 CAR GARAGE



REAR LOADED TERRACE 18 2/3 BEDROOM 1/2 CAR GARAGE



SIDE LOADED TERRACE 2



DETACHED DOUBLE 4/5 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE







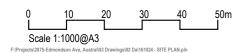


2 STOREY

2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

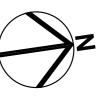
TOTAL 133

STRUCTURE PLAN

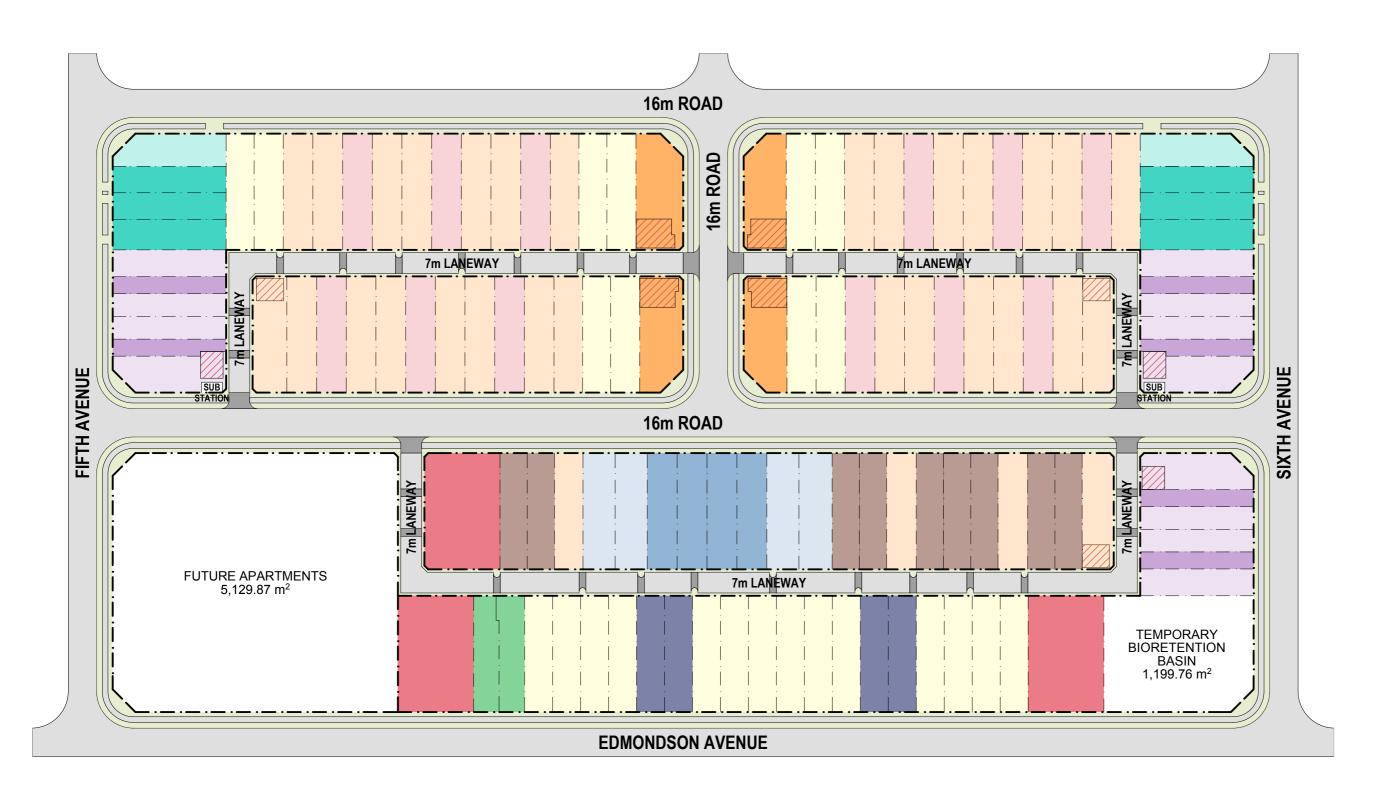


EDMONDSON AVENUE, AUSTRAL

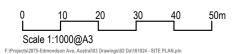








DWELLING TYPE PLAN



EDMONDSON AVENUE, AUSTRAL





DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

MANOR HOUSE 2 BEDROOM 1 CAR GARAGE

REAR LOADED TERRACE 6
TYPE A

2 BEDROOM 1 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

REAR LOADED TERRACE 12 TYPE B

3 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

FRONT LOADED TERRACE 6 4 BEDROOM

1 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

SIDE LOADED TERRACE 2 4 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE

DETACHED DOUBLE 32
TYPE B
4 BEDROOM

4 BEDROOM
2 CAR GARAGE
2 STOREY

DETACHED DOUBLE 12

5 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

DETACHED DOUBLE 4

TYPE D

TYPE E 4 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE

DETACHED DOUBLE
TYPE F
4 BEDROOM
2 CAR GARAGE

SEMI-ATTACHED DOUBLE TYPE B 4 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE

2 STOREY

2 STOREY

SEMI-ATTACHED DOUBLE TYPE C 5 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

SEMI-ATTACHED DOUBLE TYPE D 4 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

> SEMI-ATTACHED SINGLE TYPE A 3 BEDROOM 2 CAR GRAAGE

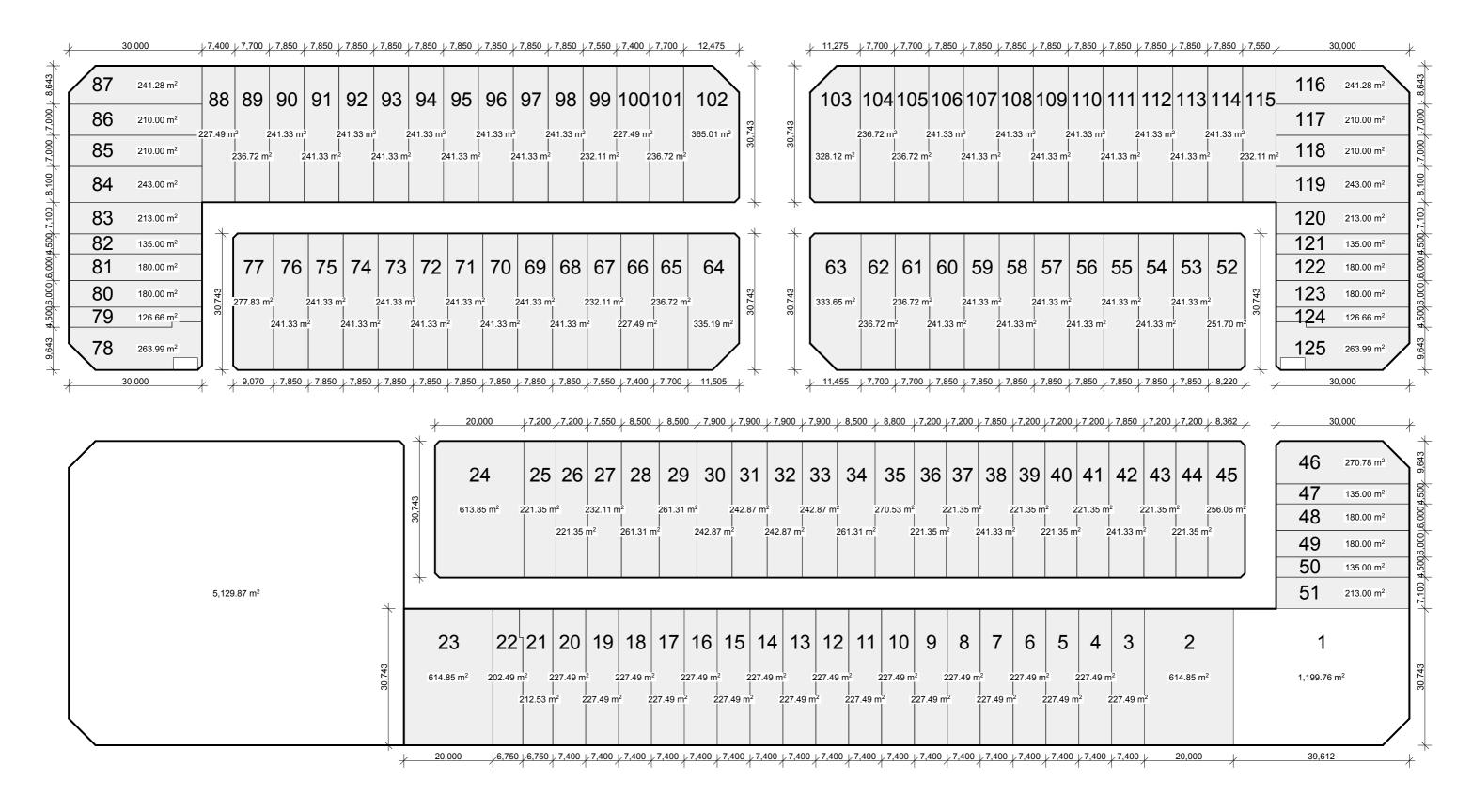
SEMI-ATTACHED SINGLE TYPE B 4 BEDROOM 2 CAR GARAGE 2 STOREY

TOTAL 133





1300 368 090 www.mps.net.au 1 Nov 2016 MPS 2875 DA04 © copyright



LOT PLAN





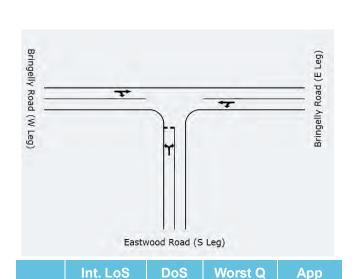




APPENDIX B

PROPOSED BRINGELLY ROAD UPGRADING

2016: Bringelly Road – Eastwood Road to Camden Valley Way



0.476

0.531

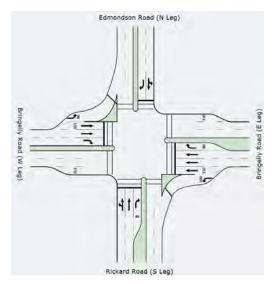
AM

43.6

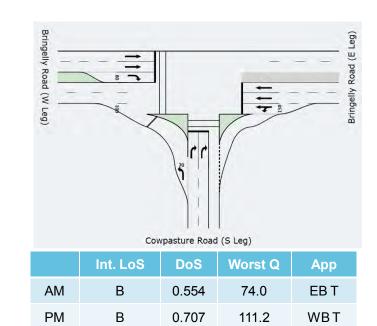
19.7

EΒ

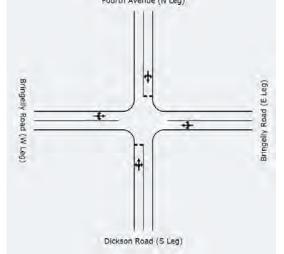
ΕB



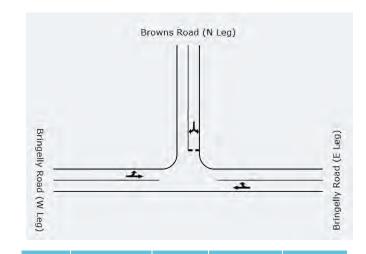
	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	С	0.867	269.1	EBT
PM	С	0.769	110.5	WBT







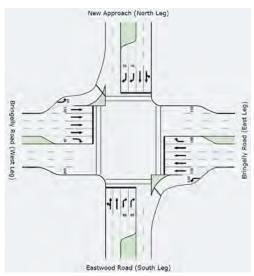
	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	Α	0.808	54.3	EB
PM	Α	0.806	46.8	NB



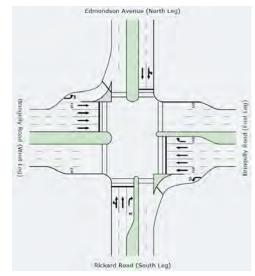
	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	Α	0.427	35.2	WB
PM	Α	0.490	67.1	WB



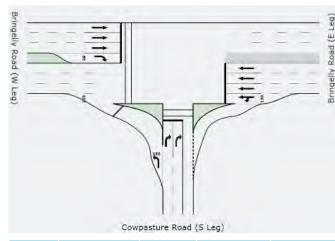
2031: Bringelly Road – Eastwood Road to Camden Valley Way



	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	D	0.859	294.5	EBT
PM	D	0.977	210.6	WBT

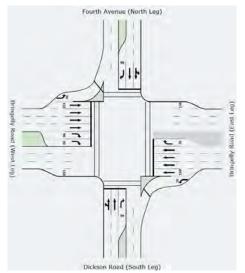


	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	С	0.727	229.3	EBT
PM	С	0.635	173.8	WBT

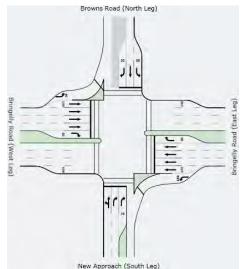


		Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AN	1	В	0.773	124.0	EB T
PM	1	С	0.903	329.8	WBT





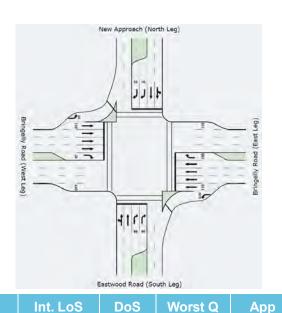
	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	С	0.849	249.8	EB T
РМ	D	0.900	361.4	WBT



	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	D	0.881	330.7	EBT
PM	D	0.936	418.3	WBT



2036: Bringelly Road - Eastwood Road to Camden Valley Way



0.908

0.756

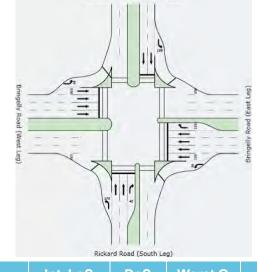
337.2

126.2

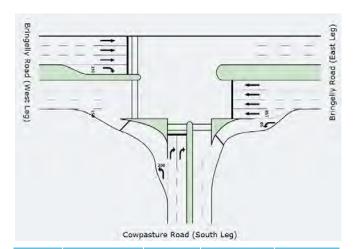
EB T

EB T

AM

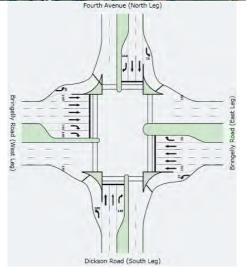


	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	С	0.928	479.0	EBT
PM	С	0.762	225.4	WBT

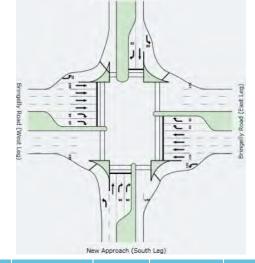


	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	С	0.790	245.1	EBT
PM	С	0.916	420.3	WBT





	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	В	0.844	199.0	EB T
PM	С	0.821	230.6	WBT



	Int. LoS	DoS	Worst Q	Арр
AM	D	0.936	497.8	EBT
PM	D	0.933	494.5	WBT



APPENDIX C

EXTRACTS FROM DCP

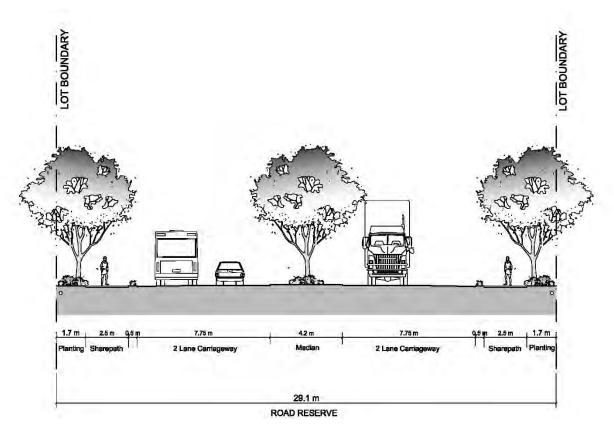


Figure 3-11: Typical sub-arterial road

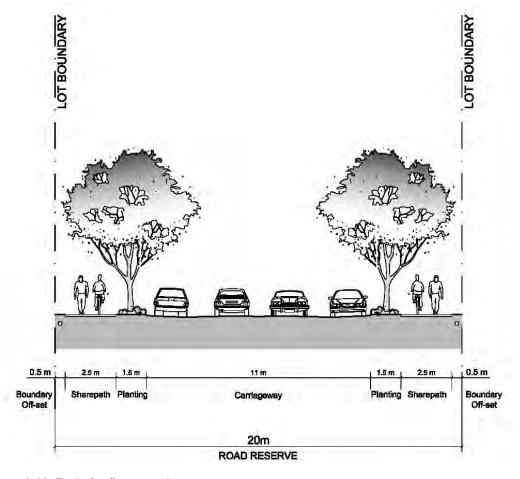


Figure 3-12: Typical collector road

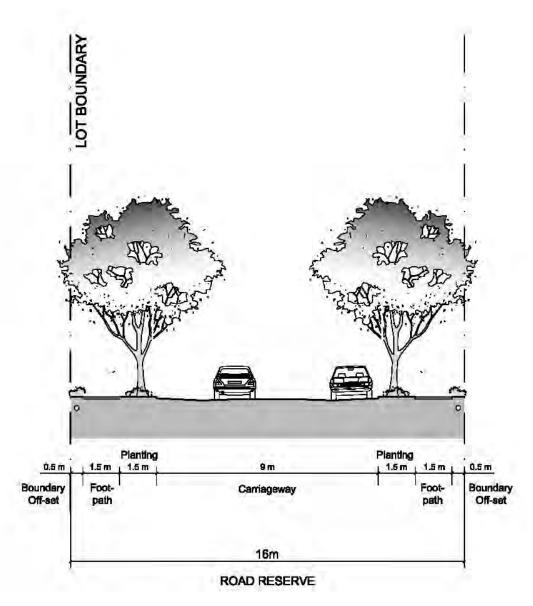


Figure 3-13: Typical local street

- 8. Variations to the residential street network as permitted under control 7 above will only be approved by Council where the applicant can demonstrate to Council's satisfaction that the proposal:
 - will not detrimentally impact on access to adjoining properties,
 - provides for the management of stormwater to drain to Council's trunk drainage network, without negative impacts on other properties.
 - will not impede the orderly development of adjoining properties in accordance with the relevant Precinct Plan and this Development Control Plan, and
 - does not restrict the ability to provide water, sewer, electricity and other essential services to the development or to development on adjoining properties.
- 9. For changes to the proposed road system which Council considers minor, Council may write to affected property owners and consider any comments of those persons before determining the application. Applicants wishing to amend the proposed road pattern are advised to liaise with affected adjoining owners prior to the submission of the Development Application. By obtaining the prior agreement of adjoining owners to proposed road pattern changes, the time required by Council to determine the application may be reduced.

APPENDIX D

EXTRACT FROM TTPA STUDY

PROPOSED GLENMORE PARK STAGE 2

Transport Management and Accessibility Plan

October 2005

Reference 0338

TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC PLANNING ASSOCIATES
Transportation, Traffic and Design Consultants
Suite 603, Level 6
282 Victoria Avenue
CHATSWOOD 2067
Telephone (02) 9411 5660
Facsimile (02) 9904 6622
Email: ttpa@ttpa.com.au

5.2 EXISTING GLENMORE PARK

The 2001 Census established that there were some 5,447 occupied dwellings in the existing Glenmore Park development at the time of the survey.

Access to and from the surrounding Arterial Road network (ie The Northern Road and Mulgoa Road) from the existing development is restricted to the Glenmore Parkway and Garswood Road intersection. This circumstance and the circuitous internal road layout provides the relatively unique situation where it is possible to establish the vehicle trip generation rate of the estate without the complication of non-related external through movements. An assessment of the AM and PM peak hour movements at the 3 'access' intersections from the 'June' survey indicate the following IN/OUT movements from the Glenmore Park Estate.

	Total Movements	IN	OUT
AM Peak	3283	915	2368
PM Peak	3706	2666	1040

(NB The earlier survey provided similar results to the June survey being within ± 2% of the total movements)

On the conservative estimate that there were some 200 dwellings built and occupied between the undertaking of the 2001 Census (ie 5,647 dwellings), and the traffic surveys (and that a 6% vacancy rate), the traffic movements indicated above translate to the following external trip generation rates and peak period IN vs OUT ratios for the estate.

	Total (vtph)	IN (%)	OUT (%)
AM Peak	0.62	27	73
PM Peak	0.70	72	28

5.3 ORIOLE STREET CATCHMENT

The street layout within the existing Glenmore Park development provided an opportunity to undertake a 'sensitivity test' of the published RTA generation rate and the rates established in Section 5.2. To ascertain the traffic generation rate of residential only development, a survey was carried out of the vehicle movements in the AM (7.00 –9.00am) and PM (4.00 - 6.30pm) peak period travelling to/from Oriole Street at its intersection with Woodlands Drive. This intersection is the only means of vehicular access to some 340 residences and is an area of the estate which was fully developed and at the time of the survey had no new residential construction activity taking place.

The results of the survey indicate the following movements to/from Oriole Street.

LOCATION: ORIOLE STREET/WOODLANDS DRIVE VEHICLE MOVEMENTS

		AM Peak (7.45 – 8.45am)	PM Peak (5.15 – 6.15pm)
Oriole Street (OUT)	Left	38	11
	Right	128	51
Woodlands Drive (IN)	Left	8	35
	Right	34	132
Total		206	229

On the assumption that of the 340 residences within the surveyed area, approximately 6% (20 residences) were unoccupied, the traffic movements represent an AM and PM peak generation of 0.64 vehicle trips per hour per residence and 0.72 vehicle trips per hour per residence respectively.

5.4 ASSESSMENT

From the assessment it is apparent that the RTA published trip generation rate for residential development of 0.85 vtph is not a true reflection of the circumstances which prevail at Glenmore Park. On the basis that the trip generation rate attained from the Oriole Street assessment also includes a component of 'internal' trips (say 6%), the data from this analysis and that of the 'whole' of Glenmore Park would suggest that an external trip generation rate of 0.65 vtph per dwelling in the peak periods is more reflective of the existing traffic activity generated by the Glenmore Park Estate.

Application of this rate (0.65 vtph) to the detached dwelling component and a 0.5 vtph rate to the medium density element, indicates the following likely AM and PM peak vehicle movements for the various phases of construction activity:

APPENDIX E

TURNING PATH ASSESSMENT

